



A catalogue of Indian species of the genus *Frisilia* Walker (Lepidoptera: Lecithoceridae), with descriptions of two new species from India and South East Asia

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ABSTRACT

A catalogue of the Indian species of the genus *Frisilia* Walker is provided, with eight previously known and one new species, *F. chandrai* sp. nov. described from India. In addition, the other new species, *F. yangbaei* sp. nov. described from Cambodia and Thailand is also included. A key for the Indian species is given. Images of adults and male genitalia of the new species are provided.

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Introduction

Genus *Frisilia* Walker (Gelechioidea; Lecithoceridae; Lecithocerinae) was established, on the basis of the type species, *F. nesciatella* Walker, 1864 from Sri Lanka. The genus is characterised by the atypical labial palpus (Fig. 1B), a long, strongly angled 2nd segment and a minute 3rd segment in the male, contrasting with a roughly scaled 2nd and normally slender 3rd segment in the female. The venation is much variable, with R_5 present or absent in the forewing and M_3 and CuA_1 stalked or coincident in the hindwing. The abdomen has no spinous zones on tegites. The genus is mainly distributed in Oriental Region, with a few exceptions: *F. compsostoma* Meyrick, 1921 in the central and southern Africa, and *F. triturator* Meyrick, 1914 in Afghanistan (Park et al. 2008). Recently, Park et al. (2008) reviewed the genus with 31 known species throughout the world. Of them, eight species have been known in India, and four species in Thailand (Park 2005; Park et al. 2008), but no species has been reported from Cambodia. Park et al.